# Real World Lean Java Practices, Patterns, Hacks and Workarounds

productive && pragmatic

### ...actually: just common sense





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# "It's not work if you like it" ...so I never worked. #java



#### #232 Kubernetes Was Never Supposed To Leak



An airhacks.fm conversation with Kelsey Hightower (@kelseyhightower) about:

#103 Unit Testing Considered Harmful
at Goog
working
rewritir

#103 Unit Testing Considered Harmful
Listen on Apple Podcasts

Listen on Apple Podcasts

[RSS]

#### #259 How Boundary Control Entity, UML and Components Happened



An airhacks.fm conversation with Ivar Jacobson (@ivarjacobson) about:

Apple 2c at ericsson.com, building software with components, writing about science of component based development, devops in 1976, function and logic programming in 1983, imperative, logic and functional programming, leaving Ericsson, the Rational Objectory

airhack

to Pyth

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Java, J

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. . .



with the time machine, "100 episodes ago segment"

...any questions left?





## youtube.com/bienadam/shorts



https://discord.gg/airhacks

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Continuous coding, explaining, interacting and sharing with Adam Bien

Live, Virtual Online Workshops, Summer 2025:

LLM / GenAl Patterns, Architectures and Use Cases with Java, 10 July 2025 Hardcore Serverless Java on AWS, 17 July 2025

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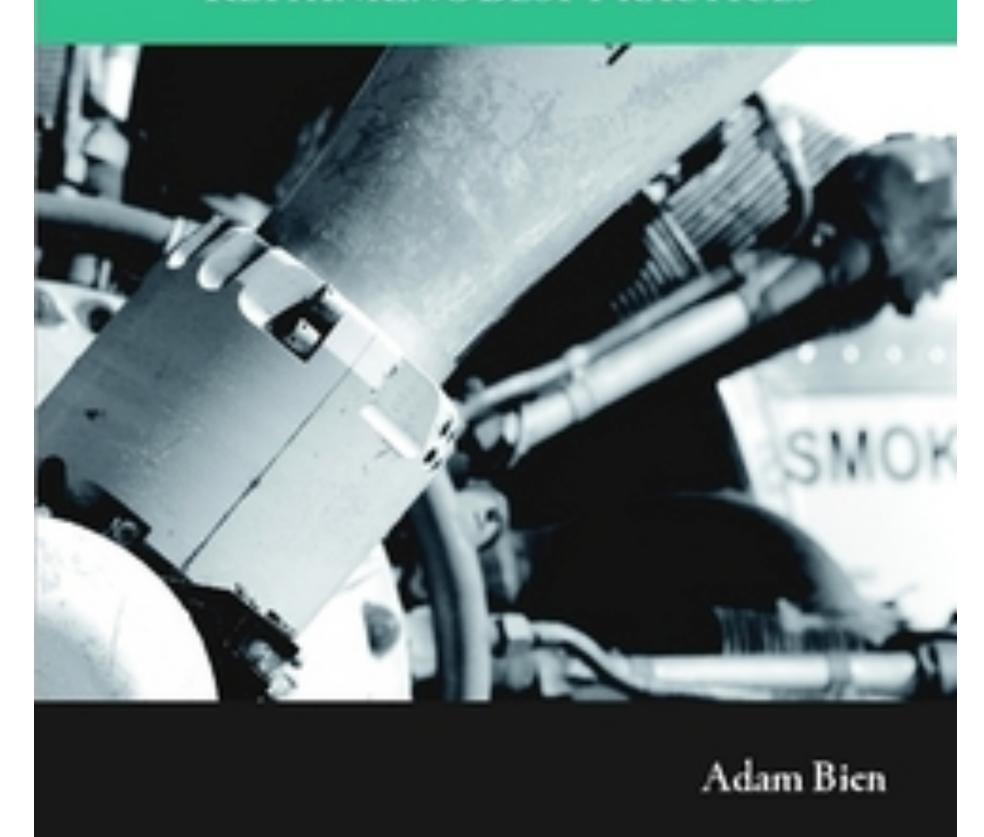
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REAL WORLD

#### JAVA EE PATTERNS

RETHINKING BEST PRACTICES



(2012)

### Java + Clouds = ?

#### Total

|                | Energy |
|----------------|--------|
| (c) C          | 1.00   |
| (c) Rust       | 1.03   |
| (c) C++        | 1.34   |
| (c) Ada        | 1.70   |
| (v) Java       | 1.98   |
| (c) Pascal     | 2.14   |
| (c) Chapel     | 2.18   |
| (v) Lisp       | 2.27   |
| (c) Ocaml      | 2.40   |
| (c) Fortran    | 2.52   |
| (c) Swift      | 2.79   |
| (c) Haskell    | 3.10   |
| (v) C#         | 3.14   |
| (c) Go         | 3.23   |
| (i) Dart       | 3.83   |
| (v) F#         | 4.13   |
| (i) JavaScript | 4.45   |
| (v) Racket     | 7.91   |
| (i) TypeScript | 21.50  |
| (i) Hack       | 24.02  |
| (i) PHP        | 29.30  |
| (v) Erlang     | 42.23  |
| (i) Lua        | 45.98  |
| (i) Jruby      | 46.54  |
| (i) Ruby       | 69.91  |
| (i) Python     | 75.88  |
| (i) Perl       | 79.58  |

|                | Time  |
|----------------|-------|
| (c) C          | 1.00  |
| (c) Rust       | 1.04  |
| (c) C++        | 1.56  |
| (c) Ada        | 1.85  |
| (v) Java       | 1.89  |
| (c) Chapel     | 2.14  |
| (c) Go         | 2.83  |
| (c) Pascal     | 3.02  |
| (c) Ocaml      | 3.09  |
| (v) C#         | 3.14  |
| (v) Lisp       | 3.40  |
| (c) Haskell    | 3.55  |
| (c) Swift      | 4.20  |
| (c) Fortran    | 4.20  |
| (v) F#         | 6.30  |
| (i) JavaScript | 6.52  |
| (i) Dart       | 6.67  |
| (v) Racket     | 11.27 |
| (i) Hack       | 26.99 |
| (i) PHP        | 27.64 |
| (v) Erlang     | 36.71 |
| (i) Jruby      | 43.44 |
| (i) TypeScript | 46.20 |
| (i) Ruby       | 59.34 |
| (i) Perl       | 65.79 |
| (i) Python     | 71.90 |
| (i) Lua        | 82.91 |

| (c) Go         | 1.05  |
|----------------|-------|
| (c) C          | 1.17  |
| (c) Fortran    | 1.24  |
| (c) C++        | 1.34  |
| (c) Ada        | 1.47  |
| (c) Rust       | 1.54  |
| (v) Lisp       | 1.92  |
| (c) Haskell    | 2.45  |
| (i) PHP        | 2.57  |
| (c) Swift      | 2.71  |
| (i) Python     | 2.80  |
| (c) Ocaml      | 2.82  |
| (v) C#         | 2.85  |
| (i) Hack       | 3.34  |
| (v) Racket     | 3.52  |
| (i) Ruby       | 3.97  |
| (c) Chapel     | 4.00  |
| (v) F#         | 4.25  |
| (i) JavaScript | 4.59  |
| (i) TypeScript | 4.69  |
| (v) Java       | 6.01  |
| (i) Perl       | 6.62  |
| (i) Lua        | 6.72  |
| (v) Erlang     | 7.20  |
| (i) Dart       | 8.64  |
| (i) Jruby      | 19.84 |

(c) Pascal

Mb

1.00



https://sites.google.com/view/energy-efficiency-languages/results?authuser=0

# "post modernism"

In practice, across its many manifestations, postmodernism shares an attitude of skepticism towards grand explanations and established ways of doing things. In art, literature, and architecture, it blurs boundaries between styles and genres, and encourages freely mixing elements, challenging traditional distinctions like high art versus popular art. In science, it emphasizes multiple ways of seeing things, and how our cultural and personal backgrounds shape how we see the world, making it impossible to be completely objective. In philosophy, education, history, politics, and many other fields, it encourages critical re-examination of established institutions and social norms, embracing diversity and breaking down disciplinary boundaries. Though these ideas weren't strictly new, postmodernism amplified them, using an often playful, at times deeply critical, attitude of pervasive skepticism to turn them into defining features.[15][16][17][18][19][20]

### how to start

#### first steps

- pick boring technology
- minimize dependencies
- automate build
- automate deployment
- setup CI
- e2e test after every commit
- use standards (no / easier migrations)

#### common sense

- "main" only, no branches
- system / API tests first with coverage
- stress- over system- over unit-tests
- no problems, no patterns
- decoupling is not a best practice
- write simple code
- use standards 
   — more vacations

# "the enterprise startup"

# no mocks, high fidelity

# interesting / productive discussions only

### micro shift left

# errorhandling and logging

## copy and paste vs. reuse

## the LLM impact and MDA

# system tests as application

# vision is not enough

# we are doing this because...

# there should be a reason for everything

### mission statement is useful, but:

#### Strategy

Diagnosis (long development cycles and slow time-to-market)

Guiding Policy (focus on business logic, eliminate superfluous code)

Action Plan (remove interfaces, meaningless UTs, DTOs, Impls,...)

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Strategy

# define a clear strategy ...or you get 3 devs and > 100 µservices

# platform engineering?

#### Platform engineering is a software

engineering discipline for the development of toolchains and self-service workflows. The goal is to create a shared platform for software engineers using computer code.<sup>[1][2]</sup>

Platform engineering uses components like configuration management, infrastructure orchestration, and role-based access control to improve reliability. The discipline is associated with DevOps and platform as a service practices.<sup>[1][2]</sup>

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Platform\_engineering

# rethinking design

#### design

- domain first
- synchronous first (http)
- no 3rd-party dependencies
- "use the platform"
- "know your enemy" (goal, problem)
- measure first then optimise

#### design

- Java SE features first
- write simple code first
- prefer Java SE libraries (Base64, String.isBlank, logging)
- Java 21, virtual threads, record classes, deconstruction
- Data Oriented Programming

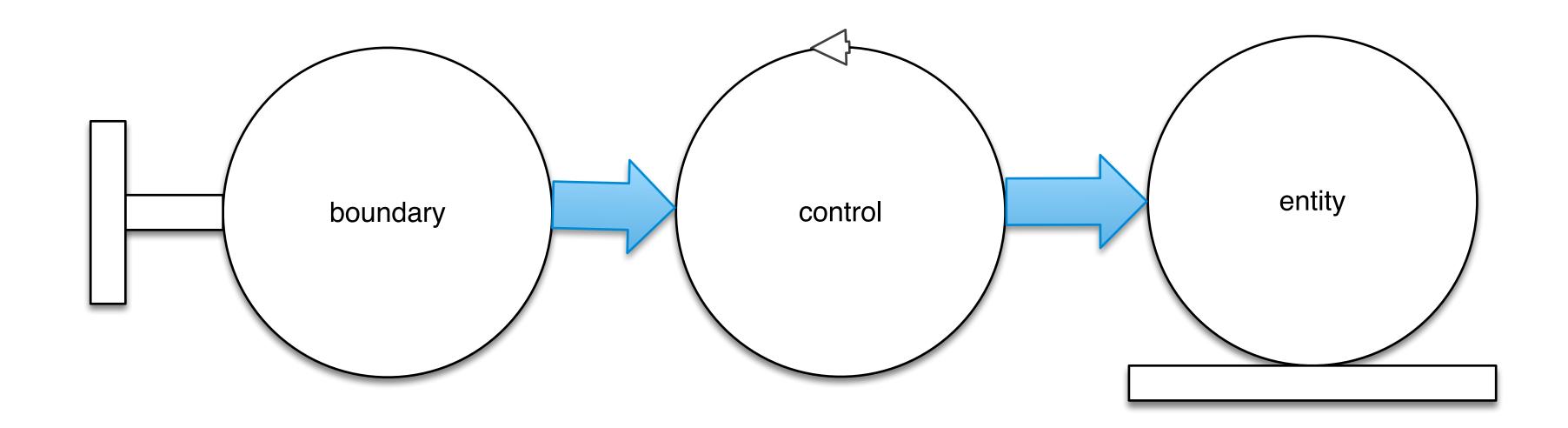
### rethinking architecture

#### rethinking architecture

- KISS and YAGNI
- don't distribute
- no distributed transactions
- asynchronous invocations for asynchronous use cases
- reactive programming for reactive use cases
- start with nice monoliths

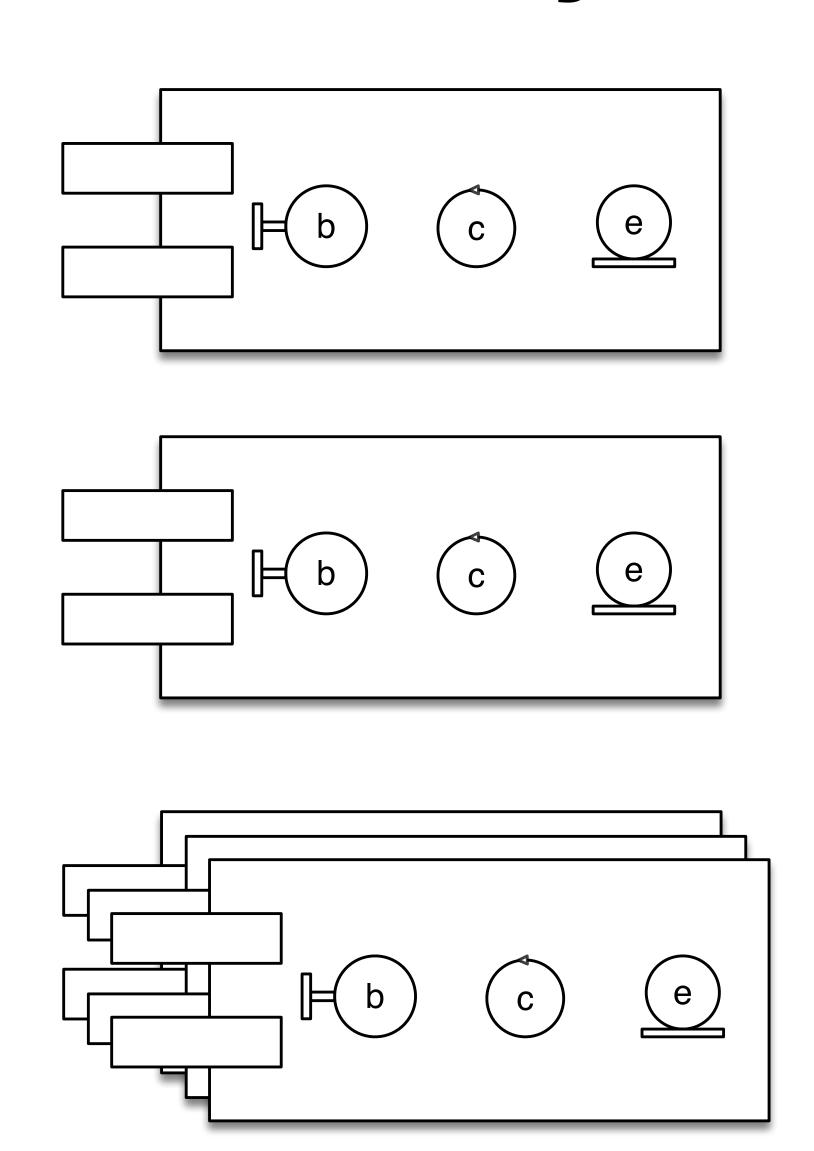
### the ultimate internal structure

### **Boundary Control Entity**





### **Boundary Control Entity**





### on-premise architectures



### Sun Starfire 10000

# Oxide Cloud Computer

No Cables. No Assembly. Just Cloud.

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- Intel / AMD dominance
- high-end hardware, multi-CPU with a lot RAM
- project loom / virtual threads
- docker + layering
- docker compose
- GraalVM
- CraC
- Java Flight Recorder custom events

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- real time monitoring
- extensive logging
- supported openJDK distributions
- kubernetes operator automation

- stateful architectures
- pooling / caching
- custom load balancing
- managed kubernetes or docker compose
- opensource services (PostgreSQL, Neon, Prometheus, Kafka)
- connections and resource pooling
- jlink

- choose your high performance openSource JDKs: Azul Systems, BellSoft, GraalVM, SAP (...)
- use proprietary features: Azul Platform Prime, Azul Code Inventory, IBM JDK CRIU, GraalVM, Mandrel polyglot
- Panama, Babylon, Vector API
- Project Leyden, GC optimizations

### public cloud architectures

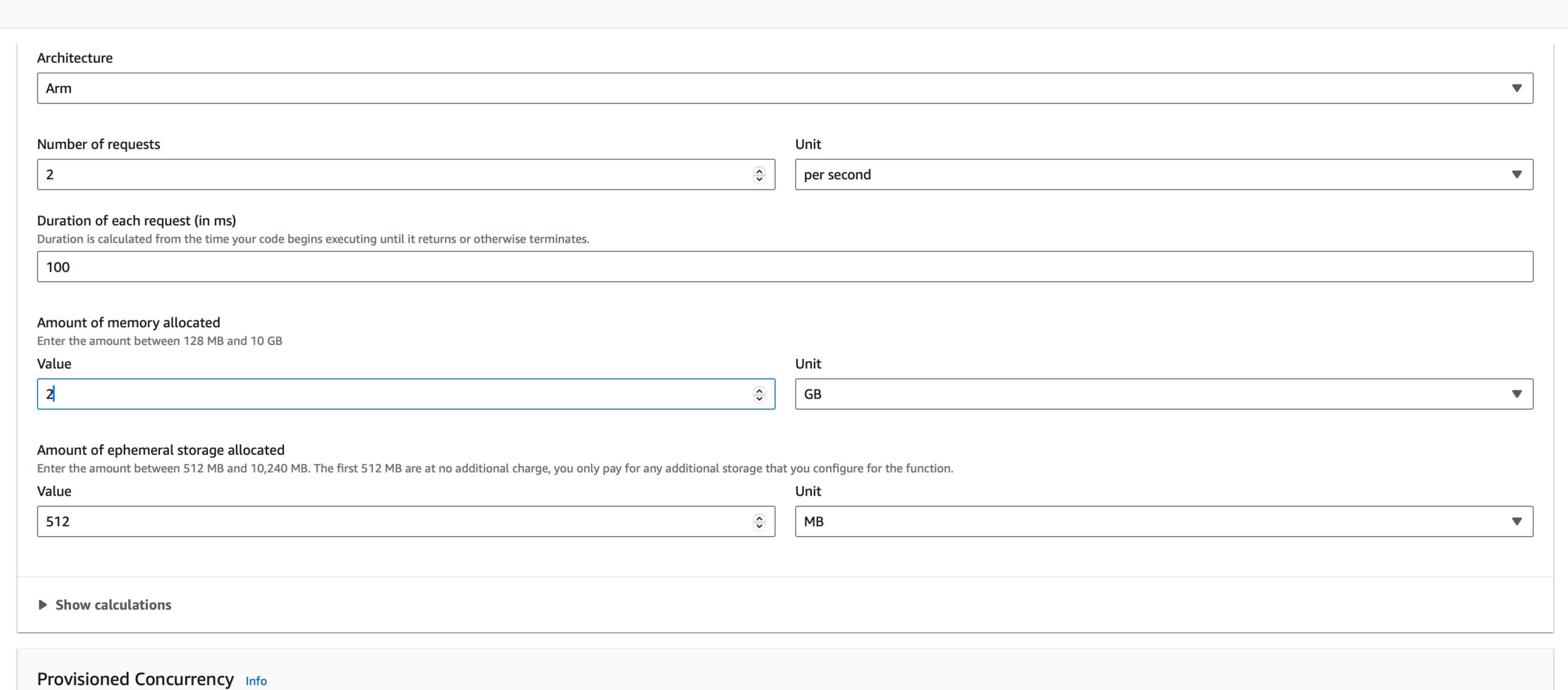
## "no plumbing, business logic only"

### simplicity over portability

### time to migration vs. portability

### motivation / facts

#### **Configure AWS Lambda Info**



Total Upfront cost: 0.00 USD
Total Monthly cost: 15.07 USD

Show Details ▼

Save and view summary

Save and add service

X

#### **AWS Lambda**

AWS Lambda does not include Log4j2 in its managed runtimes or base container images. These are therefore not affected by the issue described in CVE-2021-44228 and CVE-2021-45046.

For cases where a customer function includes an impacted Log4j2 version, we have applied a change to the Lambda Java managed runtimes and base container images (Java 8, Java 8 on AL2, and Java 11) that helps to mitigate the issues in CVE-2021-44228 and CVE-2021-45046. Customers using managed runtimes will have the change applied automatically. Customers using container images will need to rebuild from the latest base container image, and redeploy.

Independent of this change, we strongly encourage all customers whose functions include Log4j2 to update to the latest version. Specifically, customers using the aws-lambda-java-log4j2 library in their functions should update to version 1.4.0 and redeploy their functions. This version updates the underlying Log4j2 utility dependencies to version 2.16.0. The updated aws-lambda-java-log4j2 binary is available at the Maven repository and its source code is available in Github.



#### serverless for enterprise

- better target tracking autoscaling
- precise, infinite autoscaling (1000 lambdas are the default)
- scale to zero no traffic, no costs
- free staging
- AB deployment
- built-in rolling updates

### NoOps (no operations)

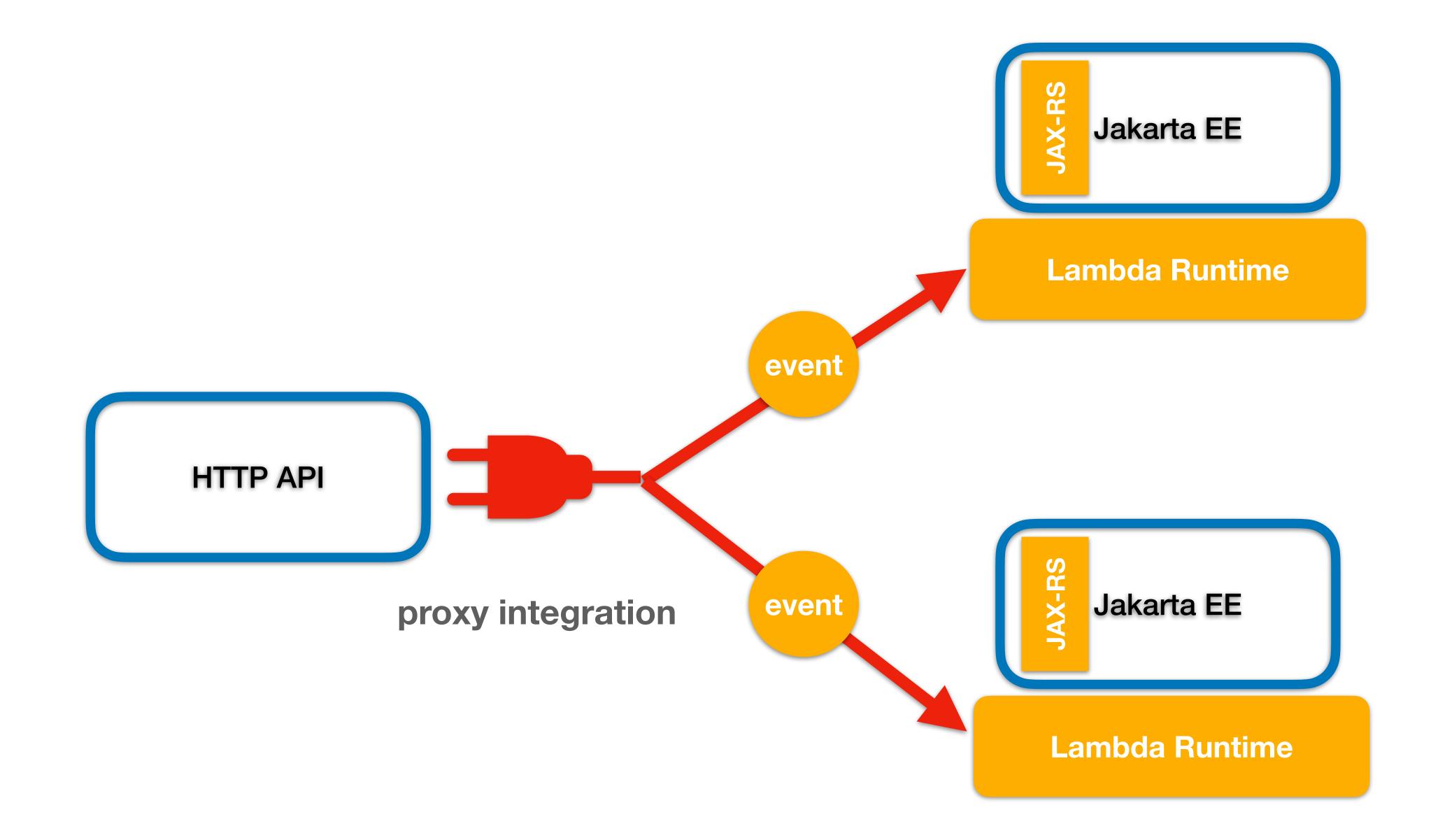


#### What is NoOps (no operations)?

NoOps (no operations) is a concept that an IT environment can become so automated and abstracted from the underlying <u>infrastructure</u> that there's no need for a dedicated team to manage <u>software</u> in-house.

First coined by research and advisory company Forrester, the term describes the goal of NoOps as to "improve the process of deploying <u>applications</u>" so that "application developers will never have to speak with an <u>operations</u> professional again." Forrester's Mike Gualtieri called <u>DevOps</u> "a step backward" even though, in his short 2011 article, he wrote that he admires its goal to improve application <u>release</u> deployment processes.

### Fat, Monolithic Function



### 

### lift and shift?

### now...some code

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### Thank YOU!



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