

# Pitfalls when mixing Kotlin & Java

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Hedy Tech



# Bob Dahlberg

Hedy Tech

Challenge Accepted

Who's Bob?

- Building software
- CrossFit Instructor
- Father of one
- Arranging meetups
- Loves a good challenge!

# Background

Android

Been an Android developer since  
Android Cupcake (2009).

Only Java

# Background

Android  
Scala

Learned Scala and tried to build  
Android with it..

# Background

Android

Scala

Learned Scala and tried to build  
Android with it..

It's plausible.

# Background

Android  
Scala

Learned Scala and tried to build  
Android with it..

It's plausible.

But you rather die a little than  
trying to mix it with Java.

# Background

Android

Scala

Kotlin

Found Kotlin M12 in 2015 and it  
blended almost seamlessly with  
Java.

# Background

Android

Scala

Kotlin

Found Kotlin M12 in 2015 and it blended almost seamlessly with Java.

A few years later even Google understood it and made it an official language on Android.



# Background

Android

Scala

Kotlin

Found Kotlin M12 in 2015 and it blended almost seamlessly with Java.

A few years later even Google understood it and made it an official language on Android.

But there are a few things to keep in mind when mixing.

The goal should be to move  
completely to Kotlin.

# All the way

Blending

Although blending Java and Kotlin works great you can't write idiomatic Java nor Kotlin code when blending.

You should choose.

# All the way

Blending

Although blending Java and Kotlin works great you can't write idiomatic Java nor Kotlin code when blending.

~~You should choose.~~

You have to choose!

# All the way

Blending

Choose Java

- If you're fairly new to Kotlin and wicked at Java.
- Don't know how to write idiomatic Kotlin code.
- Can't invest in learning in the short run or want to slowly adapt to it.

# All the way

Blending

Choose Java

Choose Kotlin

- Already know how to write idiomatic Kotlin code.
- Can invest in learning.
- If it doesn't mean to re-write the entire app upfront.

# All the way

Blending

Choose Java

Choose Kotlin

Be pragmatic

The idioms should be a goal to  
strive for.

Not enforced in every change.

# All the way

Blending

Choose Java

Choose Kotlin

Be pragmatic

Permanent mixing

If you have a great separation of concern and code, a modular architecture, you can have idiomatic Java and idiomatic Kotlin mixed permanently.

But it's a rare case.



Don't go all the way!

# Pace yourself

Auto convert

Don't use it, please!

# Pace yourself

Auto convert

Don't use it, please!

Only one file at the time!

# Pace yourself

Auto convert

Explanation mark bonanza



```
// Converted from Java
player!!.prepare(audioRenderer)
if (!stream!!.atLiveEdge()) {
    player!!.seekTo(stream!!.getPosition())
}
player!!.setTrack(liveQuality)
```

# Pace yourself

Auto convert

Explanation mark bonanza

Kotlin Friendly

If you've written your Java code so that it can be easily interpreted, the converted Kotlin code is better.

# Pace yourself

Auto convert

Explanation mark bonanza

Kotlin Friendly

If you've written your Java code so that it can be easily interpreted, the converted Kotlin code is better.

`final`

# Pace yourself

Auto convert

Explanation mark bonanza

Kotlin Friendly

If you've written your Java code so that it can be easily interpreted, the converted Kotlin code is better.

`final`

`@NotNull`

# Pace yourself

Auto convert

Explanation mark bonanza

Kotlin Friendly

If you've written your Java code so that it can be easily interpreted, the converted Kotlin code is better.

`final`

`@NotNull`

`@Nullable`



# Pace yourself

Auto convert

Explanation mark bonanza

Kotlin Friendly

Refactor the converted code



```
// Converted from Java
player!!.prepare(audioRenderer)
if (!stream!!.atLiveEdge()) {
    player!!.seekTo(stream!!.getPosition())
}
player!!.setTrack(liveQuality)
```

# Pace yourself

Auto convert

Explanation mark bonanza

Kotlin Friendly

Refactor the converted code



```
// Converted from Java
player!!.prepare(audioRenderer)
if (!stream!!.atLiveEdge()) {
    player!!.seekTo(stream!!.getPosition())
}
player!!.setTrack(liveQuality)

// Kotlin - null safe
player?.prepare(audioRenderer)
if (stream?.atLiveEdge() == false) {
    player?.seekTo(stream.position)
}
player?.track = liveQuality
```

# Pace yourself

Auto convert

Explanation mark bonanza

Kotlin Friendly

Refactor the converted code



```
// Converted from Java
player!!.prepare(audioRenderer)
if (!stream!!.atLiveEdge()) {
    player!!.seekTo(stream!!.getPosition())
}
player!!.setTrack(liveQuality)

// Kotlin - null safe
player?.prepare(audioRenderer)
if (stream?.atLifeEdge() == false) {
    player?.seekTo(stream.position)
}
player?.track = liveQuality

// Kotlin - null safe
player?.let {
    it.prepare(audioRenderer)
    if (stream?.atLifeEdge() == false) {
        it.seekTo(stream.position)
    }
    it.track = liveQuality
}
```

Where to start?

# Path of least resistance

Hit it were it don't hurt

Proof of Concept

Prove that your project works  
with Kotlin and that you and the  
team understand how to mix it.

# Path of least resistance

Hit it were it don't hurt  
Isolated

Tests

# Path of least resistance

Hit it were it don't hurt

Isolated

Small

POJOs

# Path of least resistance

Hit it were it don't hurt

Isolated

Small

Independent

Utilities & Helpers



Preparations

# Decide upfront

How should you handle...

# Decide upfront

How should you handle...

```
static java code
```

# Decide upfront

How should you handle...

```
static java code  
null
```

# Decide upfront

How should you handle...

```
static java code  
null  
extensions
```

# Decide upfront

How should you handle...

`static java code`

`null`

`extensions`

`visibility modifiers`

# Decide upfront

How should you handle...

static java code

null

extensions

visibility modifiers

POJOs

# Decide upfront

How should you handle...

`static java code`

`null`

`extensions`

`visibility modifiers`

`POJOs`

`factories`



# Decide upfront

How should you handle...

`static java code`

`null`

`extensions`

`visibility modifiers`

`POJOs`

`factories`

`singeltons`

# Decide upfront

How should you handle...  
Differences

Read up on the big differences  
and decide how you will tackle  
those challenges.

When you need more

# Bits & Bytes

Byte code

In IntelliJ there's a tool to see the byte code generated from your code.

# Bits & Bytes

Byte code  
Decompile

In IntelliJ there's a tool to see the byte code generated from your code.

And if you decompile that you'll see the equivalent java code.

# Bits & Bytes

Byte code  
Decompile  
Try

In IntelliJ there's a tool to see the byte code generated from your code.

And if you decompile that you'll see the equivalent java code.

Try with a simple data class.

Let's see some code

# Code

typealias



```
typealias Degrees = Double
typealias Farenheit = Double

class Example {
    fun convert(degrees: Celcius): Farenheit {
        return degrees * 1.8 + 32
    }
}
```



# Code

typealias



```
typealias Degrees = Double
typealias Farenheit = Double

class Example {
    fun convert(degrees: Celcius): Farenheit {
        return degrees * 1.8 + 32
    }
}
```

```
// java signature
convert(double degrees) double
```

# Code

typealias  
function parameters



```
typealias Task = () -> Unit
```

```
fun execute(task:Task) {  
    task()  
}
```

# Code

typealias  
function parameters



```
typealias Task = () -> Unit
```

```
fun execute(task:Task) {  
    task()  
}
```

```
// kotlin  
execute {  
    println("Anonymous task")  
}
```

# Code

typealias  
function parameters



```
typealias Task = () -> Unit
```

```
fun execute(task:Task) {  
    task()  
}
```

```
// kotlin  
execute {  
    println("Anonymous task")  
}
```

```
// Java 6  
execute(  
    new Function0<Unit>() {  
        @Override  
        public Unit invoke() {  
            System.out.println("Anonymous task");  
            return Unit.INSTANCE;  
        }  
    }  
);
```

# Code

typealias  
function parameters



```
typealias Task = () -> Unit
```

```
fun execute(task:Task) {  
    task()  
}
```

```
// kotlin  
execute {  
    println("Anonymous task")  
}
```

# Code

typealias  
function parameters



```
typealias Task = () -> Unit
```

```
fun execute(task:Task) {  
    task()  
}
```

```
// kotlin  
execute {  
    println("Anonymous task")  
}
```

# Code

typealias  
function parameters



```
typealias Task = () -> Unit
```

```
fun execute(task:Task) {  
    task()  
}
```

```
// kotlin  
execute {  
    println("Anonymous task")  
}
```

```
// Java 8  
execute(() -> {  
    System.out.println("Anonymous task");  
    return Unit.INSTANCE;  
});
```

# Code

typealias  
function parameters  
static-ish

```
class Example {  
    companion object {  
  
        val TAG: String = "Example"  
    }  
}
```

// From Kotlin  
Example.TAG



# Code

typealias  
function parameters  
static-ish



```
class Example {  
    companion object {  
  
        val TAG: String = "Example"  
    }  
}
```

```
// From Kotlin  
Example.TAG
```

```
Example.Companion.getTAG();
```

# Code

typealias  
function parameters  
static-ish

```
class Example {  
    companion object {  
        @JvmStatic  
        val TAG: String = "Example"  
    }  
}  
  
// From Kotlin  
Example.TAG
```

# Code

typealias  
function parameters  
static-ish



```
class Example {  
    companion object {  
        @JvmStatic  
        val TAG: String = "Example"  
    }  
}
```

```
// From Kotlin  
Example.TAG
```

```
Example.getTAG( );
```

# Code

typealias  
function parameters  
static-ish



```
class Example {  
    companion object {  
  
        const val TAG: String = "Example"  
    }  
}  
  
// From Kotlin  
Example.TAG
```

# Code

typealias  
function parameters  
static-ish



```
class Example {  
    companion object {  
  
        const val TAG: String = "Example"  
    }  
}
```

```
// From Kotlin  
Example.TAG
```

```
Example.TAG;
```

# Code

typealias

function parameters

static-ish

```
class Example {  
    companion object {  
        const val TAG: String = "Example"  
  
        @JvmField  
        var state: String = "Lorem"  
  
        @JvmStatic  
        var status: String = "Ipsum"  
  
        @JvmStatic  
        fun validate(value: Example): Boolean {...}  
    }  
}
```

# Code

typealias  
function parameters  
static-ish  
singelton

```
object Example {  
  
    const val TAG: String = "Example"  
  
    @JvmField  
    var state: String = "Lorem"  
  
    @JvmStatic  
    var status: String = "Ipsum"  
  
    @JvmStatic  
    fun validate(value: Example): Boolean {...}  
  
}
```

# Code

typealias

function parameters

static-ish

singelton

extensions & default values



```
// FileName StringExtensions.kt
fun String.toList(separator: String = " "): List<String> {...}

"Split me up".toList()           // List("Split","me","up")
"com.example.kotlin".toList(".") // List("com","example","kotlin")
```

```
StringExtensionsKt.toList("Split me up", " "); // No defaults...
```



# Code

typealias

function parameters

static-ish

singelton

extensions & default values



```
// FileName StringExtensions.kt
@file:JvmName("StringExt")
fun String.toList(separator: String = " "): List<String> {...}

"Split me up".toList()           // List("Split","me","up")
"com.example.kotlin".toList(".") // List("com","example","kotlin")
```

```
StringExt.toList("Split me up", " "); // But still no defaults...
```

# Code

typealias

function parameters

static-ish

singelton

extensions & default values

data classes



```
data class Dog(val name:String, val age: Int, val breed: String)
```

```
val aila = Dog("Aila", 0, "Border Collie")
```

```
val lajka = aila.copy(name = "Lajka")
```

# Code

typealias

function parameters

static-ish

singelton

extensions & default values

data classes



```
data class Dog(val name:String, val age: Int, val breed: String)
```

```
val aila = Dog("Aila", 0, "Border Collie")  
val lajka = aila.copy(name = "Lajka")
```

```
Dog aila = new Dog("Aila", 0, "Border Collie");  
Dog lajka = aila.copy("Lajka", 0, "Border Coliie");
```

# Code

typealias

function parameters

static-ish

singelton

extensions & default values

data classes



```
data class Dog(val name:String, val age: Int, val breed: String)
```

```
val aila = Dog("Aila", 0, "Border Collie")  
val lajka = aila.copy(name = "Lajka")
```

```
Dog aila = new Dog("Aila", 0, "Border Collie");  
//Dog lajka = aila.copy("Lajka", 0, "Border Coliie");  
Dog lajka = new Dog("Lajka", 0, "Border Coliie");
```

# Code

typealias

function parameters

static-ish

singelton

extensions & default values

data classes

null



```
fun npe(value: String) {  
    // value can't be null according to Kotlin  
}
```

```
npe(null) // will not compile
```

# Code

typealias

function parameters

static-ish

singelton

extensions & default values

data classes

null



```
fun npe(value: String) {  
    // value can't be null according to Kotlin  
}
```

```
npe(null) // will not compile
```

```
// compiles and is guaranteed to throw a IllegalArgumentException  
npe(null);
```

# Code

typealias

function parameters

static-ish

singelton

extensions & default values

data classes

null



```
fun npe(value: String?) {  
    // handle null in this scope instead  
}
```

```
npe(null) // compiles
```

```
// compiles and null is handled in the Kotlin function  
npe(null);
```

# Code

typealias

function parameters

static-ish

singelton

extensions & default values

data classes

null

deconstructing



```
data class KSample(val first: String, val second: String)
val (k1, k2) = KSample("one", "two")
println("First: $k1 and second: $k2") // First: one and second: two
```



# Code

typealias

function parameters

static-ish

singelton

extensions & default values

data classes

null

deconstructing



```
data class KSample(val first: String, val second: String)
val (k1, k2) = KSample("one", "two")
println("First: $k1 and second: $k2") // First: one and second: two
```

```
public class JSample {
    private final String first;
    private final String second;

    public Sample(String first, String second) {
        this.first = first;
        this.second = second;
    }
}
```

# Code

typealias

function parameters

static-ish

singelton

extensions & default values

data classes

null

deconstructing



```
data class KSample(val first: String, val second: String)
val (k1, k2) = KSample("one", "two")
println("First: $k1 and second: $k2") // First: one and second: two
```

```
public class JSample {
    private final String first;
    private final String second;

    public Sample(String first, String second) {
        this.first = first;
        this.second = second;
    }
}
```

```
val (j1, j2) = JSample("one", "two") // Won't compile..
println("First: $k1 and second: $k2")
```

# Code

typealias

function parameters

static-ish

singelton

extensions & default values

data classes

null

deconstructing



```
data class KSample(val first: String, val second: String)
val (k1, k2) = KSample("one", "two")
println("First: $k1 and second: $k2") // First: one and second: two
```

```
public class JSample {
    private final String first;
    private final String second;

    public Sample(String first, String second) {
        this.first = first;
        this.second = second;
    }

    public String component1() { return first; }
    public String component2() { return second; }
}
```

```
val (j1, j2) = JSample("one", "two")
println("First: $k1 and second: $k2") // First: one and second: two
```

# Code

typealias

function parameters

static-ish

singelton

extensions & default values

data classes

null

deconstructing



```
data class KSample(val first: String, val second: String)
val (k1, k2) = KSample("one", "two")
println("First: $k1 and second: $k2") // First: one and second: two
```

```
public class JSample {
    private final String first;
    private final String second;

    public Sample(String first, String second) {
        this.first = first;
        this.second = second;
    }

    public String component1() { return first; }
    public String component2() { return second; }
}
```

```
val (j1, j2) = JSample(null, null)
j1.length // NPE...
```

# Code

typealias

function parameters

static-ish

singelton

extensions & default values

data classes

null

deconstructing

more conventions



```
data class Dog(val name: String, val age: Int, val breed: String) {  
    operator fun compareTo(other: Dog) = age.compareTo(other.age)  
}
```

# Code

typealias

function parameters

static-ish

singelton

extensions & default values

data classes

null

deconstructing

more conventions



```
data class Dog(val name: String, val age: Int, val breed: String) {  
    operator fun compareTo(other: Dog) = age.compareTo(other.age)  
}
```

```
val aila = Dog("Aila", 0, "Border Collie")  
val lajka = aila.copy("Lajka", 3)
```

```
println(aila > lajka) // false  
println(aila < lajka) // true
```

# Code

typealias

function parameters

static-ish

singelton

extensions & default values

data classes

null

deconstructing

more conventions

```
data class Dog(val name: String, val age: Int, val breed: String) {  
    operator fun compareTo(other: Dog) = age.compareTo(other.age)  
}
```

```
val aila = Dog("Aila", 0, "Border Collie")  
val lajka = aila.copy("Lajka", 3)  
  
println(aila > lajka) // false  
println(aila < lajka) // true
```

```
Dog aila = new Dog("Aila", 0, "Border Collie");  
Dog lajka = new Dog("Lajka", 3, "Border Collie");  
System.out.println(aila.compareTo(lajka)); // -1
```

# Code

typealias

function parameters

static-ish

singelton

extensions & default values

data classes

null

deconstructing

more conventions

```
data class Dog(val name: String, val age: Int, val breed: String) {  
    operator fun compareTo(other: Dog) = age.compareTo(other.age)  
}
```

```
val aila = Dog("Aila", 0, "Border Collie")  
val lajka = aila.copy("Lajka", 3)  
  
println(aila > lajka) // false  
println(aila < lajka) // true
```

```
Dog aila = new Dog("Aila", 0, "Border Collie");  
Dog lajka = new Dog("Lajka", 3, "Border Collie");  
System.out.println(aila.compareTo(lajka)); // -1
```

```
val meh = JavaComparable(...)  
val huh = JavaComparable(...)  
  
meh > huh // works thanks to conventions
```



To sum up

# Take aways

Differences

Learn the differences

- static
- visibility
- conventions
- null
- etc

# Take aways

Differences

Pragmatic

Set a solid goal!

But be pragmatic about how to reach it.

# Take aways

Differences

Pragmatic

Iterate

As in all development, but maybe more important in this case.

Convert

Refactor, Refactor, Refactor

Repeat

# Take aways

Differences

Pragmatic

Iterate

Cheat

Decompile the kotlin byte code  
to see what to expect from java.

There's no need to guess.

# Take aways

Differences

Pragmatic

Iterate

Cheat

Help Kotlin

```
Use final, @Nullable and  
@NotNull extensively in java.
```

```
And set lint warnings to errors  
instead to avoid as many  
problems with null.
```

# Take aways

Differences

Pragmatic

Iterate

Cheat

Help Kotlin

Organic

Let the Kotlin code base grow  
and take over organically so  
that your team have time to  
adopt and learn.

Isolated, small, independent.

# Take aways

Differences

Pragmatic

Iterate

Cheat

Help Kotlin

Organic

Conventions

Use the strengths in Kotlin that  
theres a lot of conventions that  
is adopted for Java.



# Take aways

Differences

Pragmatic

Iterate

Cheat

Help Kotlin

Organic

Conventions

Null

And where kotlin has features to  
be better than Java.

Be sure to use them smart.

Thank you!

# Bob Dahlberg

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When writing a lot of Kotlin code in a mixed project you'll start to get a **false** sense of security around **null**.